REALTIME PCR

What is Real-Time PCR?

PCR, or the Polymerase Chain Reaction, is a process for the amplification of specific fragments of DNA.

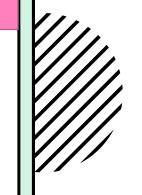
Real-Time PCR a specialized technique that allows a PCR reaction to be visualized "in real time" as the reaction progresses.

As we will see, Real-Time PCR allows us to measure minute amounts of DNA sequences in a sample!

What is Real-Time PCR?

Conventional PCR tells us "what".

Real-Time PCR tells us "how much".



What is Real-Time PCR used for?

Real-Time PCR has become a cornerstone of molecular biology. Just some of the uses include:

- Gene expression analysis
 - Cancer and Drug research
- Disease diagnosis and management
 - -Viral quantification
- Food testing
 - Percent GMO food
- Animal and plant breeding
 - Gene copy number
- Forensics

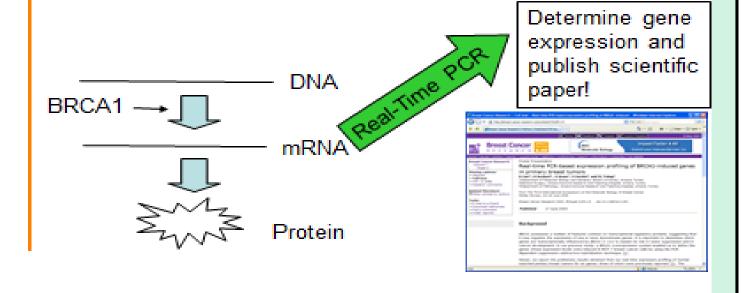
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Real-Time PCR in Gene Expression Analysis

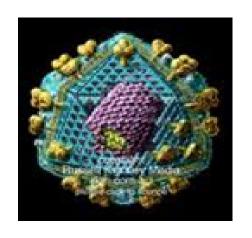


Example: BRCA1 Expression Profiling

BRCA1 is a gene involved in tumor suppression.
BRCA1 controls the expression of other genes.
In order to monitor level of expression of BRCA1, real-time PCR is used.



Real-Time PCR in Disease Management



Example: HIV Treatment

Drug treatment for HIV infection often depends on monitoring the "viral load".

Real-Time PCR allows for direct measurement of the amount of the virus RNA in the patient.

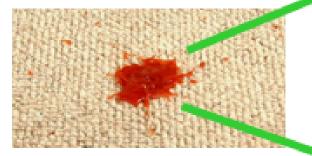




Measure amount of virus, adjust prescriptions.

Real-Time PCR in Forensics

What is it ??



Enough DNA to ID ??

Example: Real-Time PCR in Forensic Analysis!

STAIN IDENTIFICATION

The Use of Real-Time PCR for Forensic Stain Identification

By Yellie L. Norwald-Cord, Ph.O., and Sric Blut. Ph.O. Memors Forensic Laboratory, Department of Public Sales,

Stain Identification:

New Real-Time methods can be directly used to identify the composition of unknown stains, with much better accuracy than traditional "color-change" tests.

DNA Quantification:



Since standard forensic STR Genotyping requires defined amounts of DNA, Real-Time PCR can be used to accurately quantify the amount of DNA in an unknown sample!

Imagining Real-Time PCR

Measuring Quantities

What if YOU started with EIGHT times LESS DNA template than I did?



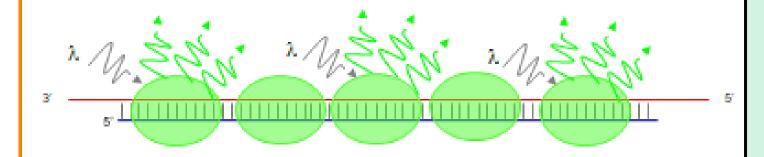




| Cycle | Me | You |
|-------|-----------|-----------|
| 25 | 1,000,000 | 125,000 |
| 26 | 2,000,000 | 250,000 |
| 27 | 4,000,000 | 500,000 |
| 28 | 8,000,000 | 1,000,000 |

How do We Measure DNA in a PCR Reaction?

We use reagents that fluoresce in the presence of amplified DNA!



Measuring Bromide

Ethidium Bromide

- + = common and well known
- = toxic, not very bright

$$Br^ N=$$
 $H_2N NH_2$



